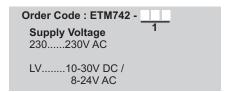


Read this document carefully before using this device. The guarantee will be expired by damaging of the device if you don't attend to the directions in the user manual. Also we don't accept any compensations for personal injury, material damage or capital disadvantages.

# **ENDA ETM742 DIGITAL TIMER**

Thank you for choosing ENDA ETM742 digital timer.

- \* 72x72mm sized.
- \* 2x4 digits display.
- \* Easy to use by front panel keypad.
- \* Selectable 9 different time bases between 0-99.99s and 0-9999h.
- \* Selectable PNP or NPN sensor type.
- \* Selectable up/down counting direction for time.
- \* Adjustable Minimum On and Off times for pulses.
- \* Operation with or without memory for each output type.
- \* 9 different output types.
- \* Bottom display can be adjusted to show time unit or set value.
- \* Selectable functional reset.
- \* Parameter access protection on 3 levels.
- \* Easy connection by removable screw terminal.
- \* CE marked according to European Norms.







### TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS			
Ambient/storage temperature	0 +50°C/-25 +70°C (with no icing)		
Max. relative humidity	80% up to 31°C decreasing linearly 50% at 40°C.		
Rated pollution degree	According to EN 60529 Front panel: IP65 Rear panel: IP20		
Height	Max. 2000m		
Do not use the device in locations subject to corrosive and flammable gases.			

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS		
Supply	230V AC +%10-%20, 50/60Hz; 10-30V DC / 8-24V AC SMPS	
Power consumption	Max. 7VA	
Wiring	2.5mm² screw-terminal connections	
Date retention	EEPROM (Min. 10 years)	
EMC	EN 61326-1: 1997, A1: 1998, A2: 2001 (Performance criterion B for the EMC standard)	
Safety requirements	EN 61010-1: 2001 (pollution degree 2, overvoltage category II)	

INPUTS		
START input	Input types can be adjusted as PNP or NPN in programming mode.	
GATE input	Minimum On and Off times for input pulses can be adjusted between 5 and 100ms.  For PNP input types, active level is 5 to 30V pulse,	
RESET input	For NPN input types, active level is 0 to 2V pulse.	

OUTPUTS		
Control output (OUT)	Relay: 250V AC, 2A (for resistive load), NO+NC	
	Open collector output (S.S. OUT): Max. 30V DC, 100mA	
Auxiliary power supply	12V DC, max. 50mA (without regulation)	
Life expectancy for relay	Mechanical 30.000.000 operation; Electrical 300.000 operation	
Accuracy	± 0.1% ± 20ms	
Nets - Below and C.C.O.I.T. set set and in complete size of the William O.I.T. set and in complete size and in complete size of the set of the		

Note: Relay and S.S.OUT outputs are in synchronization. When OUT relay is energized S.S. OUT transistor goes into saturation.

HOUSING		
Housing type	Suitable for flush-panel mounting according to DIN 43 700.	
Dimensions	W72xH72xD97mm	
Weight	Approx. 210g (after packing)	
Enclosure material	Self extinguishing plastics	

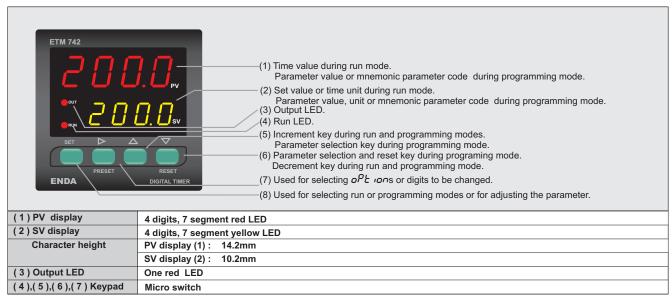


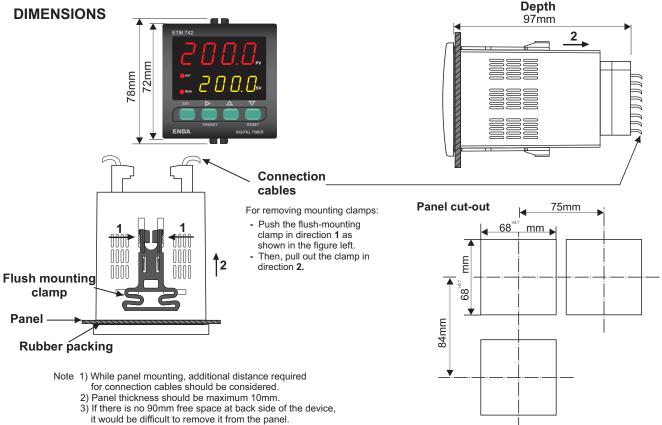
While cleaning the device, solvents (thinner, benzine, acid etc.) or corrosive materials must not be used.





### **TERMS**





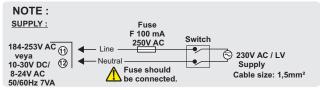
## **CONNECTION DIAGRAM**



ENDA ETM742 is intended for installation in control panels. Make sure that the device is used only for intended purpose. The shielding must be grounded on the instrument side. During an installation, all of the cables that are connected to the device must be free of energy. The device must be protected against inadmissible humidity, vibrations, severe soiling and make sure that the operation temperature is not exceeded. All input and output lines that are not connected to the supply network must be laid out as shielded and twisted cables. These cables should not be close to the power cables or components. The installation and electrical connections must be carried on by a qualified staff and must be according to the relevant locally applicable regulations.

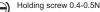


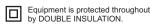




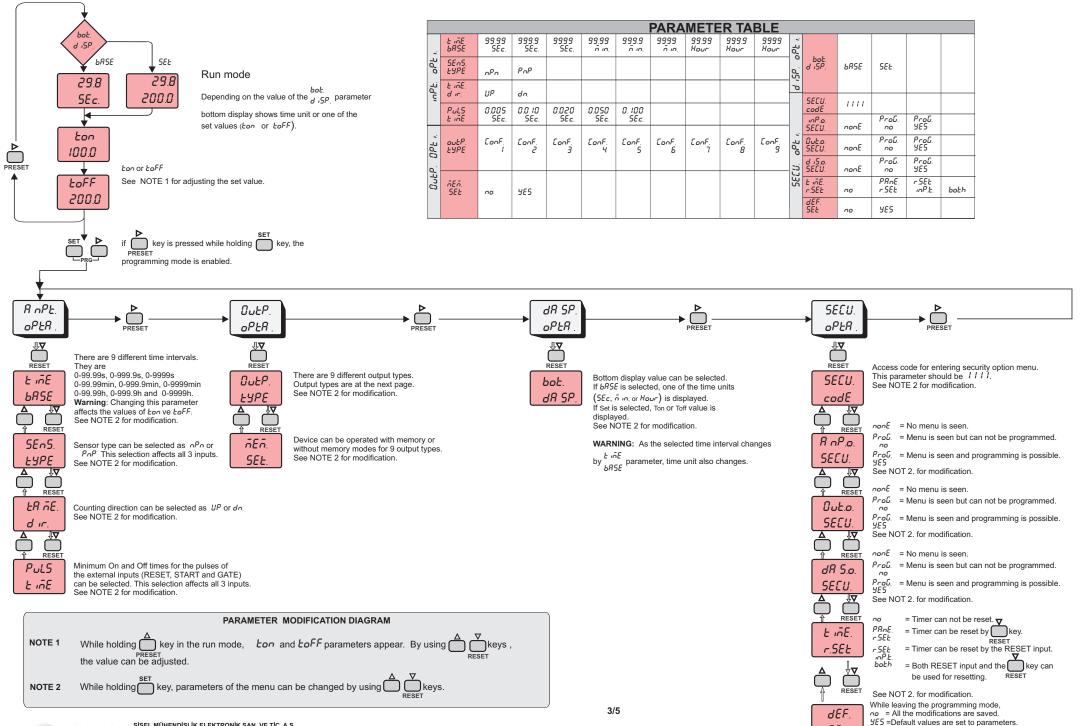
- Note 1) Mains supply cords shall meet the requirements of IEC 60227 or IEC 60245.
  - 2) In accordance with the safety regulations, the power supply switch shall bring the identification of the relevant instrument and it should be easily accessible by the operator.











See NOT 2. for modification.

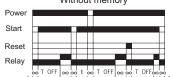
ETM742-EN-08-220103



### **OUTPUT TYPES**

#### TON: Relay On time

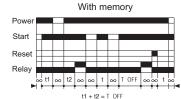
# TOFF: Relay Off time Without memory



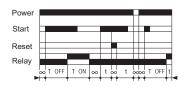
Config. 1 Delay on energization

#### t: Partial time of TON or TOFF.

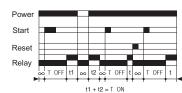
#### o : Indefinite time



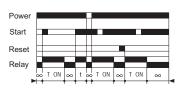
While the device is energized, If START is active, relay is energized after delay time



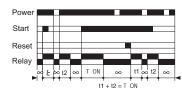
Config. 2 Cyclic timing Single cycle



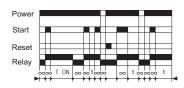
While the device is energized, Writine the device is energized, if START input is active, relay becomes Off and On periodically during TOFF and TON times respectively. At the end of each TON time START input is checked. If it START is passive, timer stops and initial conditions are returned. Otherwise, periodic operation continues.



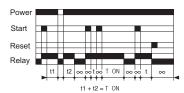
Config. 3 Timing on impulse (one shot)



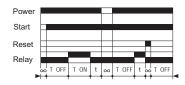
While the device is energized. With an impulse at the START input, relay becomes On during TON time. Then, relay becomes Off.



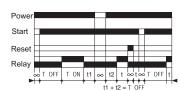
Config. 4 Timing after impulse (delay off)



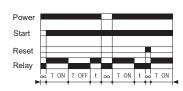
With an impulse at the START input, relay becomes On. However, timer do not counts while START is active. When START becomes passive, relay becomes Off after a time delay (TON).



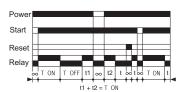
Config. 5 Cyclic timing



While the device is energized, If START input is active, relay becomes first Off and then On periodically during TOFF and TON times respectively. As soon as START becomes passive, timer stops and initial conditions are returned.

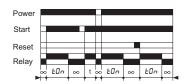


Config. 6 Cyclic timing

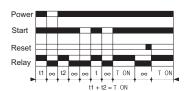


While the device is energized, If START input is active, first TON and then TOFF times are passed periodically.
As soon as START becomes passive, timer stops and initial

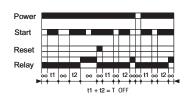
conditions are returned.



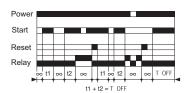
Config. 7 Timing on energization



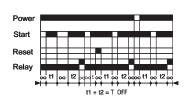
While the device is energized, If START input is active, relay becomes On during TON time. Then, relay becomes Off.



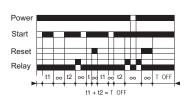
Config. 8 Timing on energization with memory



While the device is energized. If START is active, relay is energized after delay time (TOFF). If START becomes passive before TOFF time, timer waits for another active signal at the START input to complete the TOFF time.



Config. 9 Timing on energization with memory +reset by START input after TOFF



While the device is energized, If START is active, relay is energized after delay time

If START becomes passive before TOFF time timer waits for another active signal at the START input to complete the TOFF time.

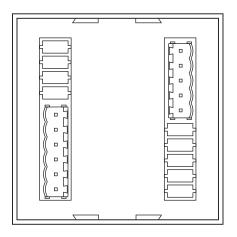
If START becomes passive after TOFF time, reset occurs.
Relay is de-energized and initial condition is returned.

NOTE: if Gate input becomes active, timer enters into wait mode. Timer waits at that condition until gate input becomes passive



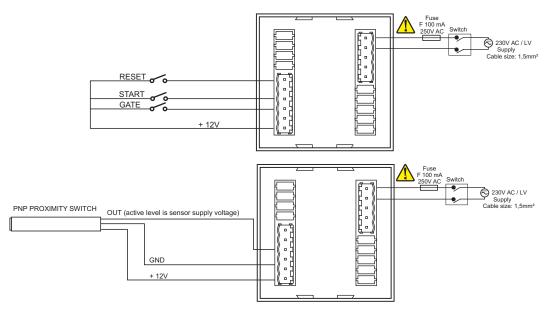


## **TERMINAL CONNECTIONS**



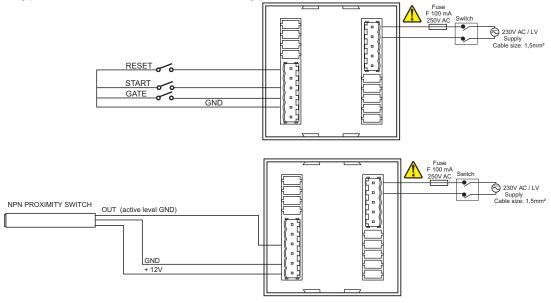
# **TYPICAL SENSOR CONNECTIONS**

# Typical connections for PNP sensor type



NOTE: FOR PNP SENSOR TYPE ACTIVE LEVEL IS AUXILIARY POWER SUPPLY VOLTAGE.

# Typical connections for NPN sensor type



NOTE: FOR NPN SENSOR TYPE ACTIVE LEVEL IS GROUND (GND).



